

# WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S INSTITUTIONS (LICENSING) ACT, 1956

### 105 of 1956

# [30th December, 1956]

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# WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S INSTITUTIONS (LICENSING) ACT, 1956

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STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS "A largeumber of bogus children's houses and orphanages are existing in the country and exploiting destitute women and children Inhuman conditions prevail in these insti- tutions. In order to protect women and children from such exploitation, legislation is necessary to regulate and licence orphanages and other institutions caring for women, and children under eighteen years of age, and to provide for the proper custody, care and training for the irimmates. Art.39 of the Constitution of india relating to the Directive Principles of state Policy lays down inter alia that "The State shall in particular direct its policy towards" securina that childhood youth and are protected against exploitation, and against moral and material abandonment". This Bill seeks to secure the early realisation of this objective". Gaz. of Ind., 1954, Extra., Pt II, S. 2, page 28.

#### **<u>1.</u>** Short title, extent and commencement :-

(1) This Act may be called THE WOMEN'S ANDCHILDREN'S INSTITUTIONS (LICENSING) ACT, 1956.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) It shall come into force in a State<sup>1</sup> on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

1. The Act has been brought into force in the State of (a) West Bengal on 1-10-1957 See Cal. Gaz., 1957, Extra., page 3925; (b) Bombay on 1-4-1959 See Bom. Gaz., 1958, Pt. IVA page 1075; (c) Kerala on 1-4-1959 See Ker. Gaz., 1959, Pt. I, page 649; (d) Manipur on 1-4-1961 See Mani. Gaz., 1961, Pt. II, page 3; (e) Rajasthan on 2-10-1963.

#### 2. Definitions :-

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,

(a) "child" means a boy or girl who has not completed the age of eighteen years;

(b) "institution" means an institution established and maintained for the reception, care, protection and welfare of women or Children;

(c) "licensing authority" means the State Government or such officer or authority as may be prescribed;

(d) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the State Government under this Act;

(e) "woman" means a female who has completed the age of eighteen years.

# 3. Licensing of institutions :-

After the commencement of this Act, no person shall establish or maintain an institution except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted under this Act.

#### 4. Application for licence :-

Every person desiring to establish an institution shall make an application to the licensing authority in such form and containing such particulars as may be prescribed: Provided that a person maintaining an institution at the commencement of this Act shall be allowed a period of three months from such commencement to make an application for a licence.

# 5. Grant of licence :-

(1) On receipt of an application under section 4 , the licensing authority, after making such inquiry as it considers necessary, shall, by order in writing either grant the licence or refuse to grant it.

(2) Where a licence is refused, the grounds for such refusal shall be communicated to the applicant in the prescribed manner.

(3) A licence, unless sooner revoked, shall remain in force for such period as may be specified in the licence and may, on application made in this behalf sixty days before the date of its expiration, be renewed for such period as the licensing authority may deem proper: Provided that a licence may be renewed on an application made within sixty days before the date of its expiration if the licensing authority is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not making the application earlier.

(4) Every licence granted under this. Act shall be in the prescribed form and shall be subject to such conditions as may be prescribed: Provided that any such condition may require that the management of an institution shall wherever practicable, be entrusted to women.

(5) No fee shall be charged for the grant of a licence under this Act.

OBJECTS AND REASONS Sub-sections (3) and (5) The Committee have increased the period before which an application for renewal of a licence should be made to sixty days so that the licensing authority may have sufficient time for making necessary enquiries, if any, before renewing the licence. Provision has also been made for condoning delay if sufficient cause is shown. The Committee have further provided that renewal of a licence should be for such period as the liensing authority may deem proper. The Committee are of the view that no fee should be charged for the grant of a licence under this Act. Sub-section (5) to clause 5 has been inserted to make this clear". S. C. B.

# 6. Licence not transferable :-

A licence granted under this Act shall not be transferable.

# 7. Revocation of licence :-

(1) Where any person to whom a licence has been granted under this Act, or any agent or a servant of such person commits a breach of any of the conditions thereof, or any of the provisions of this Act, or any of the rules made thereunder, or where the licensing authority is not satisfied with the condition, management or superintendence of an institution, the licensing authority may, without prejudice to any other penalty which may have been incurred under this Act, for reasons to be recorded, revoke the licence by order in writing. Provided that no such order shall be made until an opportunity is given to the holder of the licence to show cause why the licence should not be revoked.

(2) Where a licence in respect of an institution has been revoked under the foregoing sub-section, such institution shall cease to function from the date of such revocation: Provided that where an appeal lies under section 8 against the order of revocation, such institution shall cease to function

(a) where no such appeal has been preferred, immediately on the expiration of the period prescribed for the filing of such appeal;

(b) where such appeal has been preferred but the order of revocation has been upheld, from the date of the appellate order.

(3) On the revocation of a licence in respect of an institution, the licensing authority may direct that any woman or child who is an inmate of such institution on the date of such revocation shall be

(a) restored to the custody of her or his parent, husband or lawful guardian, as the case may be; or

(b) transferred to another institution.

OBJECTS AND REASONS a licence for the breach of any of the conditions of its issue or the provisions of this Ac or the rules made thereunder or where the licensing authority is not satisfied with the general conditions of management or super intendence of the institution, after giving an opportunity to the licensee to show cause why it should not be so revoked. In the event of revocation of a licence, provision has also been made for the trans- fer of the inmates of the institution to another institution or their restoration to the custody of the parents, husband or other law- ful guardian." S.C.R.

# <u>8.</u> Appeals :-

(1)Wherethe licensing authority is other than the State Government, any person aggrieved by an order of the licensing authority refusing to grant a licence or revoking a licence, may within such period as may be prescribed, prefer an appeal to the State Government against such refusal or revocation. (2) The order of the State Government on such appeal and subject only to such order, the order of the licensing authority shall be final.

# 9. Penalty :-

Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or of any rule made thereunder, or any of the conditions of a licence shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees, or with both.

# **10.** Act not to apply to certain institutions :-

Nothing in this Act shall apply to

(a) hostels, or boarding houses attached to, or controlled or recognised by educational institutions; or

(b) any protective home established under Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956.

# **11.** Power to make rules :-

(1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make arules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for

(a) the form of application for licence and the particulars to be contained therein;

(b) the form of licence and the conditions subject to which such licence may be granted;

(c) the management of institutions;

(d) the reception, care. protection and welfare of women and children in institutions, including all matters relating to their diet, clothing, accommodation, training and general conduct;

(e) the inspection of institutions;

(f) the maintenance of registers and account and submission of returns and audit of such accounts;

(g) the discharge from institutions of women and children and their transfer from one institution to another;

(h) the manner of filing appeals under this Act and the time within

which such appeals shall be filed;

(i) the manner of service of orders and notices under this Act;

(j) any other matter which is to be or may be prescribed.

# **12.** Repeal and savings :-

(1) As from the date of commencement in any State of this Act, any State Act corresponding to this Act in force in that State immediately before such commencement shall stand repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal by this Act of any State Act referred to in sub-section (1), anything done or any action taken (including any direction given, any register, rule or order made or any restriction imposed) under the provisions of such State Act shall so far as such thing or action is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be deemed to have been done or taken under the provisions of this Act as if the said provisions were in force when such thing was done or such action was taken and shall continue in force accordingly until superseded by anything done or any action taken under this Act.

Explanation. In this section, the expression "State Act" includes a "Provincial Act."